

Product Data Sheet: CD86 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Cat. No: AB-84793

Conjugate: Unconjugated

Size: 100 ug

Clone: POLY

Concentration: 1mg/ml

Host: Rabbit

Isotype: IgG

Immunogen: CD86 molecule

Reactivity: Human, Mouse, Rat

Western Blot: 1:200-1:2000

Applications: Immunohistochemistry: 1:50-1:500

Immunofluorescence: 1:20-1:200

Molecular Weight: 75 kDa

Purification: Immunogen affinity purified

Synonyms: Activation B7 2 antigen, B7 2, B70, BU63, CD28LG2, CD86, CD86 molecule, CTLA

4 counter receptor B7.2, FUN 1, LAB72

Receptor involved in the costimulatory signal essential for T-lymphocyte

proliferation and interleukin-2 production, by binding CD28 or CTLA-4. May play a critical role in the early events of T-cell activation and costimulation of naive T-cells, such as deciding between immunity and anergy that is made by T-cells within 24 hours after activation. Isoform 2 interferes with the formation of CD86

within 24 hours after activation. Isoform 2 interferes with the formation of CD86 clusters, and thus acts as a negative regulator of T-cell activation. (Microbial

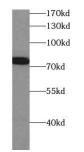
infection) Acts as a receptor for adenovirus subgroup B.

Form: Liquid

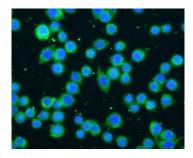
Background:

Buffer: PBS with 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol pH 7.3

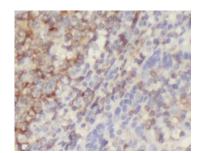
Storage: Store at -20°C for 12 months (Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.)



Jurkat cells were subjected to SDS PAGE followed by western blot with CD86 antibody at dilution of 1:500



Immunofluorescent analysis of RAW264.7 cells using CD86 Antibody at dilution of 1:50.



Immunohistochemistry of paraffinembedded human tonsillitis tissue slide using CD86 Antibody at dilution of 1:200. heat mediated antigen retrieved with Tris-EDTA buffer(pH9).

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