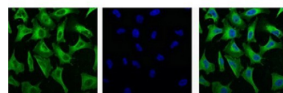


Cat. No:	MAB-94443
Size:	100 ug
Clone:	EGFR1
Concentration:	1mg/ml
Host:	Ms
Isotype:	IgG1
Immunogen:	Synthetic Peptide
Reactivity:	Hu,
Applications:	Western Blot: 1:1000 Immunofluorescence: 1:100-200
Purification:	The antibody was affinity-purified from mouse ascites by affinity chromatography using specific immunogen
Synonyms:	Epidermal growth factor receptor Proto-oncogene c-ErbB-1 Receptor tyrosine-protein kinase erbB-1
Background:	<p>Receptor tyrosine kinase binding ligands of the EGF family and activating several signaling cascades to convert extracellular cues into appropriate cellular responses. Known ligands include EGF, TGFA/TGF-alpha, amphiregulin, epigen/EPGN, BTC/betacellulin, epiregulin/REG and HBEGF/heparin-binding EGF. Ligand binding triggers receptor homo- and/or heterodimerization and autophosphorylation on key cytoplasmic residues. The phosphorylated receptor recruits adapter proteins like GRB2 which in turn activates complex downstream signaling cascades. Activates at least 4 major downstream signaling cascades including the RAS-RAF-MEK-ERK, PI3 kinase-AKT, PLCgamma-PKC and STATs modules. May also activate the NF-kappa-B signaling cascade. Also directly phosphorylates other proteins like RGS16, activating its GTPase activity and probably coupling the EGF receptor signaling to the G protein-coupled receptor signaling. Also phosphorylates MUC1 and increases its interaction with SRC and CTNNB1/beta-catenin. Plays a role in enhancing learning and memory performance . Isoform 2 may act as an antagonist of EGF action.; (Microbial infection) Acts as a receptor for hepatitis C virus (HCV) in hepatocytes and facilitates its cell entry. Mediates HCV entry by promoting the formation of the CD81-CLDN1 receptor complexes that are essential for HCV entry and by enhancing membrane fusion of cells expressing HCV envelope glycoproteins. The antibody detects endogenous EGFR proteins.</p>
Form:	Liquid
Buffer:	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Storage:	Store at -20°C, and avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.



Western Blot (WB) analysis of HeLa,
diluted at 1:1000.

Immunofluorescence (IF) analysis of
HeLa with antibody (Left) and DAPI
(Right) diluted at 1:100.

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