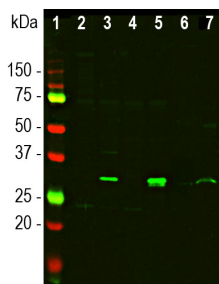
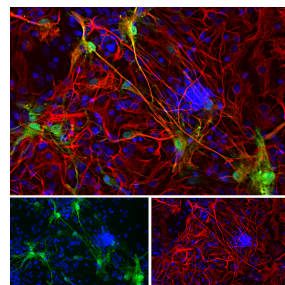


<b>Cat. No:</b>	AB-82806
<b>Conjugate:</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Size:</b>	100 ug
<b>Clone:</b>	POLY
<b>Concentration:</b>	1mg/ml
<b>Host:</b>	Rabbit
<b>Isotype:</b>	IgG
<b>Immunogen:</b>	Full length recombinant galectin 3 expressed in and purified from E. coli..
<b>Reactivity:</b>	Human,Mouse,Rat
<b>Applications:</b>	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/5000 Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/1000 Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000
<b>Molecular Weight:</b>	30kD
<b>Purification:</b>	Serum
<b>Synonyms:</b>	LGALS3; MAC2; Galectin-3; Gal-3; 35 kDa lectin; Carbohydrate-binding protein 35; CBP 35; Galactose-specific lectin 3; Galactoside-binding protein; GALBP; IgE-binding protein; L-31;
<b>Background:</b>	This gene encodes a member of the galectin family of carbohydrate binding proteins. Members of this protein family have an affinity for beta-galactosides. The encoded protein is characterized by an N-terminal proline-rich tandem repeat domain and a single C-terminal carbohydrate recognition domain. This protein can self-associate through the N-terminal domain allowing it to bind to multivalent saccharide ligands. This protein localizes to the extracellular matrix, the cytoplasm and the nucleus. This protein plays a role in numerous cellular functions including apoptosis, innate immunity, cell adhesion and T-cell regulation. The protein exhibits antimicrobial activity against bacteria and fungi. Alternate splicing results in multiple transcript variants.
<b>Form:</b>	Liquid
<b>Buffer:</b>	Supplied as an aliquot of serum plus 5mM Na3
<b>Storage:</b>	Store at 4°C for short term, for longer term store at -20°C + avoid freeze/thaw cycles



Western blot analysis of different tissue and cell lysates using rabbit pAb to galectin 3, dilution 1:5,000 in green:



Immunofluorescent analysis of cortical neuron-glia cell culture from E20 rat stained with rabbit pAb to galectin 3,

[1] protein standard and mouse tissue lysates:  
[2] heart,  
[3] liver,  
[4] kidney,  
[5] lung, [6] rat cortical neuron-glia primary cell culture lysate and  
[7] pig spinal cord lysate. The band at about 30kDa corresponds to the galectin 3 protein.

dilution 1:2,000 in green, and costained with mouse mAb to GFAP, dilution 1:2,000 in red. The blue is Hoechst staining of nuclear DNA. Certain glial cells express only galectin-3 protein, and appear green, while the majority of glial cells and astrocytes produce GFAP protein and so appear red, a few cells that express both proteins appear orange-yellow.

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