

Cat. No:	MAB-94237
Conjugate:	Unconjugated
Size:	100 ug
Clone:	D9F4G
Concentration:	1mg/ml
Host:	Rb
Isotype:	lgG
Reactivity:	Hu
Applications:	Western blotting 1:1000 Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin) 1:100† Unmasking buffer: Citrate †Optimal IHC dilutions determined using SignalStain® Boost IHC Detection Reagent.
Molecular Weight:	50-80 kDa
Purification:	Monoclonal antibody is produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic phosphopeptide corresponding to residues surrounding Thr181 of human Tau protein.
Background:	Tau is a heterogeneous microtubule-associated protein that promotes and stabilizes microtubule assembly, especially in axons. Six isoforms with different amino-terminal inserts and different numbers of tandem repeats near the carboxy terminus have been identified, and tau is hyperphosphorylated at approximately 25 sites by Erk, GSK-3, and CDK5 (1,2). Phosphorylation decreases the ability of tau to bind to microtubules. Neurofibrillary tangles are a major hallmark of Alzheimer's disease; these tangles are bundles of paired helical filaments composed of hyperphosphorylated tau. In particular, phosphorylation at Ser396 by GSK-3 or CDK5 destabilizes microtubules. Furthermore, research studies have shown that inclusions of tau are found in a number of other neurodegenerative diseases, collectively known as tauopathies (1,3). The cerebrospinal fluid concentration of Tau phosphorylated at Thr181 has been proposed to be a biomarker for the study of neurodegenerative disorders (4).Phospho-Tau (Thr181) (D9F4G) Rabbit mAb recognizes endogenous levels of Tau protein only when phosphorylated at Thr181
Form:	liquid
Buffer:	Supplied in 10 mM sodium HEPES (pH 7.5), 150 mM NaCl, 100 $\mu g/ml$ BSA, 50% glycerol and less than 0.02% sodium azide.
Storage:	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

For Research use only IMMUNOLOGICAL SCIENCES