

## **Product Data Sheet:** Phospho-VEGFR2-Y1214

Cat. No: ABP-0383

Conjugate: Unconjugated

Size: 100 ug Clone: Poly **Concentration:** 

1mg/ml Host: Rb

Isotype: **IgG Reactivity:** Hu

**Applications:** WB 1:1000 **Molecular Weight:** 230 kDa

Polyclonal antibodies are produced by immunizing animals with a synthetic **Purification:** 

phosphopeptide corresponding to residues surrounding tyrosine 1214 of human

VEGFR 2 protein.

Vascular endothelial growth factor receptor 2 (VEGFR2, KDR, Flk-1) is a major receptor for VEGF-induced signaling in endothelial cells. Upon ligand binding, VEGFR2 undergoes autophosphorylation and becomes activated (1). Major autophosphorylation sites of VEGFR2 are located in the kinase insert domain (Tyr951/996) and in the tyrosine kinase catalytic domain (Tyr1054/1059) (2). Activation of the receptor leads to rapid recruitment of adaptor proteins, including Shc, GRB2, PI3 kinase, NCK, and the protein tyrosine phosphatases SHP-1 and

**Background:** SHP-2 (3). Phosphorylation at Tyr1212 provides a docking site for GRB2 binding

and phospho-Tyr1175 binds the p85 subunit of PI3 kinase and PLCy, as well as

Shb (1,4,5). Signaling from VEGFR2 is necessary for the execution of

VEGFstimulated proliferation, chemotaxis and sprouting, as well as survival of cultured endothelial cells in vitro and angiogenesis in vivo (6-8). Phospho-VEGF Receptor-2 (Tyr1214) Antibody detects endogenous levels of VEGFR-2 proteins

only when phosphorylated at tyrosine 1214.

Form: liquid

**Buffer:** PBS with 0.02% sodium azide,50% glycerol,pH7.3

Storage: Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles

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