

Product name:	CD3 ζ (phospho Tyr142) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Cat number:	ABN04398
Conjugate:	Unconjugated
Size:	100 μ L
Clone:	Polyclonal
Concentration:	1mg/ml
Host:	Rabbit
Isotype:	IgG
Immunogen:	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human CD3 zeta around the phosphorylation site of Tyr142. AA range:111-160
Reactivity:	Human,Mouse,Rat,Monkey
Applications:	WB 1:500-1:2000,IHC 1:100-1:300,ICC/IF 1:50-1:200,ELISA 1:5000-1:10000
Molecular Weight:	20kDa
Purification:	Affinity purification
Form:	Liquid
Buffer:	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N.
Storage:	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C for 12 months. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Background:

The protein encoded by this gene is T-cell receptor zeta, which together with T-cell receptor alpha/beta and gamma/delta heterodimers, and with CD3-gamma, -delta and -epsilon, forms the T-cell receptor-CD3 complex. The zeta chain plays an important role in coupling antigen recognition to several intracellular signal-transduction pathways. Low expression of the antigen results in impaired immune response. Two alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],disease:Defects in CD247 are a cause of primary T-cell immunodeficiency [MIM:610163]. Affected individuals suffer of recurrent infections. Patients T-cell counts are very low and B-cell counts are normal.,domain:The ITAM domains mediate interaction with SHB.,function:Probable role in assembly and expression of the TCR complex as well as signal transduction upon antigen triggering.,online information:CD247 mutation db,PTM:Phosphorylated on Tyr residues after T-cell receptor triggering.,similarity:Belongs to the CD3Z/FCER1G family.,similarity:Contains 3 ITAM domains.,subunit:The TCR/CD3 complex of T-lymphocytes consists of either a TCR alpha/beta or TCR gamma/delta heterodimer coexpressed at the cell surface with the invariant subunits of CD3 labeled gamma, delta, epsilon, zeta, and eta. CD3-zeta forms either homodimers or heterodimers with CD3-eta. Interacts with SLA and SLA2. Interacts with DOCK2 and TRAT1. Interacts with HIV-1 Nef protein. Interacts with SHB.,