

Product name:	CSN1 (phospho Ser454) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Cat number:	ABN04509
Conjugate:	Unconjugated
Size:	100µL
Clone:	Polyclonal
Concentration:	1mg/ml
Host:	Rabbit
Isotype:	IgG
Immunogen:	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human COPS1 around the phosphorylation site of Ser454. AA range:420-469
Reactivity:	Human,Mouse,Rat
Applications:	IHC 1:100-1:300,ICC/IF 1:50-1:200,ELISA 1:5000-1:10000
Purification:	Affinity purification
Form:	Liquid
Buffer:	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N.
Storage:	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C for 12 months. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Background:

This gene is known to suppress G-protein and mitogen-activated signal transduction in mammalian cells. The encoded protein shares significant similarity with Arabidopsis FUS6, which is a regulator of light-mediated signal transduction in plant cells. [provided by RefSeq, Mar 2016],domain:The N-terminal part (1-216), which is not required for deneddylating activity and CSN complex formation, is nevertheless essential for other aspects of CSN complex function, such as repression of c-fos/FOS expression.,domain:The PCI domain is necessary and sufficient for the interactions with other CSN subunits of the complex. Mediates the interaction with CAPN8.,function:Essential component of the COP9 signalosome complex (CSN), a complex involved in various cellular and developmental processes. The CSN complex is an essential regulator of the ubiquitin (Ubl) conjugation pathway by mediating the deneddylation of the cullin subunits of SCF-type E3 ligase complexes, leading to decrease the Ubl ligase activity of SCF-type complexes such as SCF, CSA or DDB2. The complex is also involved in phosphorylation of p53/TP53, c-jun/JUN, IκappaBα/NFκBIA, ITPK1 and IRF8/ICSBP, possibly via its association with CK2 and PKD kinases. CSN-dependent phosphorylation of TP53 and JUN promotes and protects degradation by the Ubl system, respectively. Suppresses G-protein-and mitogen-activated protein kinase-mediated signal transduction.,PTM:Phosphorylated upon DNA damage, probably by ATM or ATR.,similarity:Belongs to the CSN1 family.,similarity:Contains 1 PCI domain.,subunit:Component of the CSN complex, composed of COPS1/GPS1, COPS2, COPS3, COPS4, COPS5, COP6, COPS7 (COPS7A or COPS7B) and COPS8. In the complex, it probably interacts directly with COPS2, COPS3, COPS4 and CSN5. Interacts directly with inositol kinase ITPK1. Interacts with CAPN8.,tissue specificity:Widely expressed.,