

Product name:	LIMK-2 (phospho Ser283) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Cat number:	ABN04955
Conjugate:	Unconjugated
Size:	100µL
Clone:	Polyclonal
Concentration:	1mg/ml
Host:	Rabbit
Isotype:	IgG
Immunogen:	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human LIMK2 around the phosphorylation site of Ser283. AA range:249-298
Reactivity:	Human,Mouse,Rat,Monkey
Applications:	WB 1:500-1:2000,IHC 1:100-1:300,ICC/IF 1:50-1:200,ELISA 1:5000-1:10000
Molecular Weight:	72kDa
Purification:	Affinity purification
Form:	Liquid
Buffer:	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N.
Storage:	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C for 12 months. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Background:

There are approximately 40 known eukaryotic LIM proteins, so named for the LIM domains they contain. LIM domains are highly conserved cysteine-rich structures containing 2 zinc fingers. Although zinc fingers usually function by binding to DNA or RNA, the LIM motif probably mediates protein-protein interactions. LIM kinase-1 and LIM kinase-2 belong to a small subfamily with a unique combination of 2 N-terminal LIM motifs and a C-terminal protein kinase domain. The protein encoded by this gene is phosphorylated and activated by ROCK, a downstream effector of Rho, and the encoded protein, in turn, phosphorylates cofilin, inhibiting its actin-depolymerizing activity. It is thought that this pathway contributes to Rho-induced reorganization of the actin cytoskeleton. At least three transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008], catalytic activity: ATP + a protein = ADP + a phosphoprotein., function: Displays serine/threonine-specific phosphorylation of myelin basic protein and histone (MBP) in vitro., PTM: Phosphorylated on serine and/or threonine residues by ROCK1., similarity: Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. TKL Ser/Thr protein kinase family., similarity: Contains 1 PDZ (DHR) domain., similarity: Contains 1 protein kinase domain., similarity: Contains 2 LIM zinc-binding domains., subcellular location: Isoform LIMK2a is distributed in the cytoplasm and the nucleus., subcellular location: Isoform LIMK2b occurs mainly in the cytoplasm and is scarcely translocated to the nucleus., subunit: Binds ROCK1 and LKAP. Interacts with PARD3. Interacts with NISCH., tissue specificity: Highest expression in the placenta; moderate level in liver, lung, kidney, and pancreas. LIMK2a is found to be more abundant than LIMK2b in liver, colon, stomach, and spleen, while in brain, kidney, and placenta LIMK2b is the dominant form. In adult lung, both LIMK2a and LIMK2b is nearly equally observed.,