

Product name:	Pim-1 Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Cat number:	ABN16149
Conjugate:	Unconjugated
Size:	100μL
Clone:	Polyclonal
Concentration:	1mg/ml
Host:	Rabbit
Isotype:	IgG
Immunogen:	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human Pim-1. AA range:281-330
Reactivity:	Human,Mouse,Rat
Applications:	WB 1:500-1:2000,IHC 1:50-1:300
Molecular Weight:	50kDa
Purification:	Affinity purification
Form:	Liquid
Buffer:	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% New type preservative N.
Storage:	Store at 4°C short term. Aliquot and store at -20°C for 12 months. Avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Background:

The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the Ser/Thr protein kinase family, and PIM subfamily. This gene is expressed primarily in B-lymphoid and myeloid cell lines, and is overexpressed in hematopoietic malignancies and in prostate cancer. It plays a role in signal transduction in blood cells, contributing to both cell proliferation and survival, and thus provides a selective advantage in tumorigenesis. Both the human and orthologous mouse genes have been reported to encode two isoforms (with preferential cellular localization) resulting from the use of alternative in-frame translation initiation codons, the upstream non-AUG (CUG) and downstream AUG codons (PMIDs:16186805, 1825810).[provided by RefSeq, Aug 2011],catalytic activity:ATP + a protein = ADP + a phosphoprotein.,cofactor:Manganese.,function:Plays a role in signal transduction in blood cells. Contributes to both cell proliferation and survival and thus provide a selective advantage in tumorigenesis. May affect the structure or silencing of chromatin by phosphorylating HP1 gamma/CBX3.,induction:Strongly induced in leukocytes by the JAK/STAT pathway in response to cytokines.,PTM:Autophosphorylated on both serine/threonine and tyrosine residues.,similarity:Belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. CAMK Ser/Thr protein kinase family. PIM subfamily.,similarity:Contains 1 protein kinase domain.,subunit:Binds to RP9. Isoform 2 is isolated as a monomer whereas isoform 1 complexes with other proteins. Isoform 1, but not isoform 2, binds BMX.,tissue specificity:Expressed primarily in cells of the hematopoietic and germline lineages. Isoform 1 and isoform 2 are both expressed in prostate cancer cell lines.,