

Penicillin – Streptomycin solution 100X

CAT N° : ISL0022-020

Theoretical pH : 6 ± 1

Osmolality : 350 ± 100 mOsm/kg

Storage conditions : - 20°C

Shelf life : 18 months

Sterility tests :

- Bacteria in aerobic and anaerobic conditions
- Fungi and yeasts

Endotoxin level at 10ml/l of solution : < 0.1 EU/ml

Composition : Displayed on website; also available on request

Potency of the penicillin in solution: 10 000 000 U/l

Recommended use :

Use in cell culture applications at 10 ml/l. This concentration is for tissue culture media containing serum; serum-free media generally require lower concentration.

- Respect storage conditions of the product
- Do not use the product after its expiry date
- Store product in an area protected from light
- Manipulate the product in aseptic conditions (e.g. : under laminar air flow)
- Wear clothes adapted to the manipulation of the product to avoid contamination (e.g. : gloves, mask, hygiene cap, overall...)
- In order to preserve all product qualities, it is recommended to thaw out the flask, to aliquote, then to re-freeze the produced flasks rather than to thaw out and re-freeze the flask at each use.
- It is recommended to use the product immediately after its thaw out.

The product is intended to be used in vitro, in laboratory only. Do not use it in therapy, human or veterinary applications.

Stability : 3 days at 37°C

Mode of Action :

Penicillin G interferes with the final stage of synthesis of the bacterial cell wall.

Streptomycin Sulfate binds to 30S subunit to cause misreading of the protein synthesis.

Antimicrobial spectrum :

Gram-negative and Gram-positive bacteria.

For Research use only

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Application :

Antibiotics, combined with good sterile technique of manipulation of cell culture, help prevent microbiological contamination

When an irreplaceable culture becomes contaminated, determine if the contamination is bacteria, fungus, mycoplasma, or yeast. Isolate the contaminated culture from other cell lines. Clean incubators and laminar flow hoods with a laboratory disinfectant, and check HEPA filters.

Penicillin-Streptomycin solution at high concentration can be toxic to some cell lines; therefore, perform a dose response test to determine the level at which Penicillin-Streptomycin solution becomes toxic.

The following is a suggested procedure for determining toxicity levels and decontaminating cultures.

- 1) Dissociate, count, and dilute the cells in antibiotic free medium. Dilute the cells to the concentration used for regular cell passage.
- 2) Dispense the cell suspension into a multiwell culture plate or several small flasks. Add the Penicillin-Streptomycin solution to each well in a range of concentrations.
- 3) Observe the cells daily for signs of toxicity such as sloughing, appearance of vacuoles, decrease in confluency, and rounding.
- 4) When the toxic level has been determined, culture the cells for two to three passages using the Penicillin-Streptomycin solution at a concentration one to two fold lower than the toxic concentration.
- 5) Culture the cells for one passage in an antibiotic-free media
- 6) Repeat step 4.
- 7) Culture the cells in antibiotic-free medium for 4 to 6 passages to determine if the contamination has been eliminated.

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Product code : ISL0022-100

Product name : Penicillin-Streptomycin Solution 100X

CAS Number	Components	Quantity in g/l
7647-14-5	Sodium Chloride	8.50000000
69-57-8	Penicillin G Sodium Salt	6.02772755
3810-74-0	Streptomycin Sulfate	10.00000000
WATER		975.47227245

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